

## PRESS RELEASE

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### RESEARCHERS FIND KEY TO DRUG RESISTANT BOWEL CANCER

BLOCKING a molecule could bypass bowel cancer's defence against the drug cetuximab, according to new research\* presented at the National Cancer Research Institute (NCRI) Cancer Conference in Liverpool.

Cetuximab is used to treat advanced bowel cancer, and just under half of bowel cancer patients are given the drug. While it helps many patients, there are some for whom it doesn't work at all and for others it loses effectiveness.

To understand why this happens, scientists at Queen's University Belfast treated bowel cancer cells in the lab with cetuximab. They found that some cells survived the treatment by increasing the activity of a protein called ADAM17.

But if they gave a drug that blocked the protein ADAM17 at the same time as cetuximab the cancer cells died.

For other cancer cells, cetuximab treatment alone stopped them growing initially, but over time they became resistant and started growing again. In these cases, the cancer cells were finding a different way to outmanoeuvre the treatment that didn't involve ADAM17.

Cetuximab works by blocking a molecule known as epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR), which tells cells to grow.

There are around 41,000 cases of bowel cancer diagnosed in the UK each year. And each year around 16,000 die of the disease.

Dr Sandra Van Schaeybroeck, the lead researcher based at Queen's University Belfast, said: "While some bowel cancer patients respond well to cetuximab treatment, many will relapse, or not benefit from the drug. Our work shows that combining this treatment with an ADAM17 inhibitor could be a promising avenue of therapy for patients who don't respond to cetuximab by itself.

"More work is needed before we can safely test this combination in patients, but the prospect of cutting off cancer's path to resistance is very exciting."

Professor Peter Johnson, Cancer Research UK's chief clinician, said: "This work shows how some bowel cancer cells are able to avoid damage from a particular drug, and offers a way to prevent it. The next step is to find out whether this could work in patients."

Professor Richard Wilson, Chair of the NCRI's Colorectal Cancer Clinical Studies Group, said: "Bowel cancer is the fourth most common cancer in the UK, and it's the second biggest cancer killer - so it's vital that we find ways to break through the disease's resistance to treatment."

"A big issue facing bowel cancer patients is the prospect of their cancer coming back. Understanding the mechanisms that bowel cancer cells use to evade treatment with cetuximab will help us find ways to delay or prevent it recurring. This will help more people with bowel cancer live longer and with better quality of life."

This research was funded by Cancer Research UK.

**ENDS**

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Notes to editor:

Abstract: <http://abstracts.ncri.org.uk/abstract/adam17-a-potential-regulator-of-resistance-to-egfr-targeted-therapies-in-ras-wild-type-colorectal-cancer/>

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## About the NCRI

The National Cancer Research Institute (NCRI) is a UK-wide partnership of cancer research funders, established in 2001. Its 19 member organisations work together to accelerate progress in cancer-related research through collaboration, to improve health and quality of life.

NCRI works to coordinate research related to cancer, to improve the quality and relevance of the research and to accelerate translation of the research into clinical practice for the benefit of patients.

NCRI Partners are: Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council; Bloodwise; Breast Cancer Now; Cancer Research UK; Children with Cancer UK, Department of Health; Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC); Macmillan Cancer Support; Marie Curie; Medical Research Council (MRC); Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Public Health Agency (Research & Development Department); Pancreatic Cancer Research Fund; Prostate Cancer UK; Roy Castle Lung Cancer Foundation; Scottish Government Health Directorates (Chief Scientist Office); Tenovus Cancer Care; The Wellcome Trust; Welsh Assembly Government (Health and Care Research Wales); and Worldwide Cancer Research.

For more information visit [www.ncri.org.uk](http://www.ncri.org.uk)

## About the NCRI Cancer Conference

The NCRI Cancer Conference is the UK's largest cancer research forum for showcasing the latest advances in British and international oncological research spanning basic and translational studies to clinical trials and patient involvement.

- The conference offers unique opportunities to network and share knowledge by bringing together world-leading experts from all cancer research disciplines.
- The NCRI Cancer Conference is taking place from 6-9 November 2016 at the BT Convention Centre in Liverpool.
- For more information visit [conference.ncri.org.uk](http://conference.ncri.org.uk); Twitter @NCRI\_Partners; #NCRI2016

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